

DEGREE CURRICULUM RISK MANAGEMENT IN FOREST PLANNING

Coordination: RAMOS MARTIN, MARIA CONCEPCION

Academic year 2023-24

Subject's general information

Subject name	RISK MANAGEMENT IN FOREST PLANNING					
Code	103039					
Semester	2nd Q(SEMESTER) CONTINUED EVALUATION					
Туроlоду	Degree		Course	Character	Modality	
	Master's Degree in Forestry Engineering		1	COMPUL	SORY Blended learning	
Course number of credits (ECTS)	4					
Type of activity, credits, and groups	Activity type	PRACAMP	PF	RAULA	TEORIA	
	Number of credits	0.8	1.8	0.2	1.2	
	Number of groups	1	1	1	1	
Coordination	RAMOS MARTIN, MARIA CONCEPCION					
Department	ENVIRONMENT AND SOIL SCIENCES AND CHEMISTRY					
Teaching load distribution between lectures and independent student work	Classroom activities: 25% Personal work: 75%					
Important information on data processing	Consult this link for more information.					
Language	Spanish Catalàn					
Distribution of credits	Environment and Soil Science (2c) Agrofforestry ENgineering (2c)					

Teaching staff	E-mail addresses	Credits taught by teacher	Office and hour of attention
BALASCH SOLANES, JOSE CARLOS	josepcarles.balasch@udl.cat	,8	
GELABERT VADILLO, PERE JOAN	perejoan.gelabert@udl.cat	2	
RAMOS MARTIN, MARIA CONCEPCION	mariaconcepcion.ramos@udl.cat	1,2	

Learning objectives

The objective of the subject is to know the main environmental risks, the conditions and the tools to carry out a correct planning of the forest management.

Specific objectives include:

- 1. Understand the concept of risk and its implications
- 2. Select and use the right tools for risk modelling
- 3. Critically propose scenarios and management measures
- 4. Interact with interdisciplinary groups and actors of the territory for decision-making
- 5. Solve case studies in which to integrate risk management into forest planning

Competences

Basic skills

B06 Possess and understand knowledge that provides a basis or opportunity to be original in the development and/or application of ideas, often in a research context.

B07 That students know how to apply the knowledge acquired and have the ability to solving problems in new or little-known environments within broader (or multidisciplinary) contexts related to their area of study.

B08 That students are able to integrate knowledge and face the complexity of making judgments from information that, being incomplete or limited, includes reflections on the social and ethical responsibilities linked to the application of their knowledge and judgments.

B09 That students know how to communicate their conclusions – and the knowledge and ultimate reasons behind them – to specialized and non-specialized audiences in a clear and unambiguous way.

General skills CG2 Design, write, direct, elaborate, implement and interpret projects and plans in the forest and natural environment CG7 Develop forest policies

Specific skills CE5 Design plans for the integral sustainable development of forest regions and the development of management

indicators.

CE7 Design Regional Planning Plans, Mountain Areas and Coastal Areas.

CE8 Design hydrological plans and to combat desertification.

CE9 Design plans and actions to control pollution of the Natural Environment due to industrial activity and waste management.

Subject contents

Program

1. General principles and conceptual approaches for risk analysis. Occurrence, exposure and vulnerability. Mitigation and adaptation plans and measures.

2. The role of climate in the development of forest stands. Weather variability, climate change and future scenarios.

3. Hydrological processes. Extreme phenomena and water availability.

•Processes of runoff generation from floods and flash-floods. Zoning of flood spaces (case study and field trip).

·Water resources and the processes of erosion and desertification under climate change scenarios.

4. Impacts of climate change on forest distirbution and biodiversity (case study).

5. Impact of climate on disturbance regimes. Fire risk assessment and mapping. Models of ignition and propagation of fire. Forest mitigation and management measures within a comprehensive strategy for Mediterranean areas (case study and field trip).

6. Forest management for the resilience of forest ecosystems. Forest mitigation and adaptation actions in a global framework for the provision of ecosystem services.

Case study

1- Risk: climate change- Under different emission scenarios,

Evaluate the impacts of climate change scenarios on spatial distribution of forest species.

2- The flash floods of the Ondara and Francolí rivers in the last 400 years. and the River Ebro in the last 500 years.

Hazard analysis with intrumental data and with data on the reconstruction of historical floods. Discussion of the results in view of population growth.

3- Simulation of wildfire behavior and spread in the basins of the Francolí River and Prades Mountains. Design of preventive forest treatments against large fires. Evaluation of the effect of treatments

Methodology

Teaching is proposed through:

-theoretical classes where the basic concepts of the subject will be explained; -practical classes in the classroom and in the field to see problems in situ and work with real data; -case study, to be carried out by combining individual and group work

Development plan

The development of the subject is raised with the development of theoretical classes and study of practical cases, with activities in classroom and field, and autonomous work outside the classroom.

Evaluation

Assessment:

The evaluation will be based on the reports that the students will have to present for the different activities proposed, according to the specific indications in each case study.

The assessment will include three blocks, coinciding with the three risks addressed in the subject:

Block I: climate change and its effects (25%).

Block 2: floods (25%)

Block 3: fires (50%).

The concreteness and clarity of the report will be assessed, as well as the critical capacity to evaluate the results obtained. In order to pass the course, it is necessary to present the reports of all the proposed activities and to have a minimum mark of 4/10 points in each of them. The presentation of work will be done as a priority through the CV, following the instructions of the teachers.

Alternative assessment: Students who request an alternative assessment must submit the proposed assignments for each of the thematic blocks on the date set for the course assessments (the same as for the rest of the students). The weight of each one of them will be proportional to the number of credits of the subject. It will be necessary to present all the assignments and to have a grade of at least 4/10 points for each assignment.

Bibliography

References

Alcasena Urdíroz, FJ., Vega García, C., Ager, AA., Salis, M., Nauslar, N J., Mendizabal, F.J., Castell, R. (2019). Metodología de evaluación del riesgo de incendios forestales y priorización de tratamientos multifuncionales en paisajes mediterráneos. Cuadernos de Investigación Geográfica, 2019, vol. 45, núm. 2, p. 571-600. https://doi.org/10.18172/cig.3716.

Alcasena, FJ, Ager, AA, Bailey, JD, Pineda, N, Vega-Garcia, C (2019) Towards a comprehensive wildfire management strategy for Mediterranean areas: Framework development and implementation in Catalonia, Spain. Journal of Environmental Management 231, 303-320

Ayala-Carcedo, F.J. & Olcina, J. (2002): Riesgos naturales. Ariel Ciencia, Madrid, 1512 p.

Balasch, J.C. (2017): Les inundacions a Catalunya: el coneixement actual, la informació del passat i escenaris futurs. XXIII Jornades de Meteorologia Eduard Fontseré. Associació Catalana de Meteorologia (ACAM) Barcelona, 24-26 novembre de 2017, pp. 121-127

Beniston M. 2002. Climatic change implications for the hydrologicla cycle and ofr water management. Springer-Science+Bussiness media B.V. Switzerland.ISBN 978-90-481-5944-4

Beven, K & Hall, J. (eds.) (2014): Applied Uncertainty Analysis for flood Risk Management. Imperial college Press

Bonachea, J.; Bruschi, V.M.; Fernández-Maroto, G.; Remondo, J.; González-Díez, A.; Diaz de Terán, J.R. & Cendrero, A. (2014): Geomorphic Hazards in Spain. In Gutiérrez, F. & Gutiérrez, M. (eds.): Landscapes and Landforms of Spain. Springer Sciences, pp. 319-345.

Buras, A., Menzel A. 2019. Projecting Tree Species composition Changes of European Forest for 2061-2090 under RCO4.5 and RCP8.5 scenarios. https://www.frontiersin.org/articles/10.3389/fpls.2018.01986/full

Calvo García-Tornel, F. (2001): Sociedades y territorios en riesgo. Ediciones del Serbal, col·lecció La Estrella Polar nº 31. Barcelona, 186 p.

Casajus Valles, A., Marin Ferrer, M., Poljanšek, K., Clark, I. (eds.), 'Science for Disaster Risk Management 2020: acting today, protecting tomorrow', EUR 30183

EN, Publications Office of the European Union, Luxembourg, 2020, ISBN 978-92-76-18181-1, doi:10.2760/438998, JRC114026.

Díez Herrero, A.; Lain, L. & Llorente, M. (eds.) (2008): Mapas de peligrosidad por avenidas e inundaciones. Guía metodológica para su elaboración. Serie Riesgos Geológicos/Geotecnia nº 1. Instituto Geológico y Minero de España, Madrid, 190 p.

Filotas E, Parrott L, Burton PJ, Chazdon RL, Coates DK, Coll L, Haeussler S, Martin K, Nocentini S, Puettmann KJ, Putz FE, Simard SW, Messier C. 2014. Viewing Forests through the Lens of Complex Systems Science. Ecosphere 5:art1 dx.doi.org/10.1890/ES13-00182.1

French, R.H. & Miller, J.J.(eds.) (2012): Flood Hazard Identification and Mitigation in Semi- and Arid Environments. World Scientific, Singapore, 224 p.

Letchter T.V. 2016. Climate Change: Observed Impacts on Planet Earth. Elsevier. Ansterdam, The Netherlands.

MORGAN, R.P.C. (1995): Soil erosion and conservation. 2ª edició. Longman, Harlow, Essex, 198 pp

Noce. S., Collalti A., Santini M. 2017. Likelihood of changes in forest species suitability, distribution, and diversity under future climate: The case of Southern Europe. ecology and evolution. Ecology and evolution 1-18.

Sánchez-Pinillos M, De Cáceres M, Ameztegui A, Coll L. 2019. Temporal dimension of forest vulnerability to fire along successional trajectories. Journal of Environmental Management 248: 109201.

Smith, K. & Ward, R. (1998): Floods. Physical Processes and Human Impacts. J. Wiley, Chichester (UK), 382 p.

Schwab, G.O.; Frevert, R.K.; Edmister, T.W.; Barnes, K.K. (1981): Soil and water conservation engineering. J. Wiley & Sons

Vilà-Cabrera A, Coll L, Martínez-Vilalta A, Retana J. 2018. Forest management for adaptation to climate change in the Mediterranean basin: a synthesis of evidence. Forest Ecology and Management 407: 16-22.

WMO. nº 1264..2020 State of the Global Climate 2020. Geneva , Switzerland. ISBN 978-92-63-11264-4

- FAO. 1993. Desarrollo sostenible de tierras áridas y lucha contra la desertificación. http://www.fao.org/docrep/V0265S/v0265s00.htm.
- MAAMA. 2012. La desertificación en Espanya. <u>http://www.magrama.gob.es/es/biodiversidad/temas/lucha-contra-la-desertificacion/la-desertificacion-en-espana/</u>
- MAAMA.2012 Programa de Acción Nacional contra la Desertificación <u>http://www.magrama.gob.es/es/biodiversidad/temas/lucha-contra-la-desertificacion/programa-de-</u> accion-nacional-contra-la-desertificacion/default.aspx