

# PLANT FOOD PROCESSING TECHNOLOGY II

Coordination: ROMERO FABREGAT, MARIA PAZ

Academic year 2022-23

# Subject's general information

Subject name	PLANT FOOD PROCESSING TECHNOLOGY II							
Code	102589							
Semester	2nd Q(SEMESTER) CONTINUED EVALUATION							
Typology	Degree				Character		Modality	
	Bachelor's Degree in Agricultural and Food Engineering			3	COMPULSORY		Attendance- based	
Course number of credits (ECTS)	6							
Type of activity, credits, and groups	Activity type	PRALAB	PRAULA			TEORIA		
	Number of credits	1	0.6		4.4			
	Number of groups	1	1			1		
Coordination	ROMERO FABREGAT, MARIA PAZ							
Department	FOOD TECHNOLOGY, ENGINEERING AND SCIENCE							
Teaching load distribution between lectures and independent student work	Classroom (attendance) hours: 60 Non-contact hours: 90							
Important information on data processing	Consult <u>this link</u> for more information.							
Language	Spanish /Catalan							

Teaching staff	E-mail addresses	Credits taught by teacher	Office and hour of attention
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# Subject's extra information

Subject in the whole curriculum

The subject "Technology of processing plant foods II" belongs to the block of Food Industries.

Impart knowledge are aimed at the student learns to define complete manufacturing process of certain foods. The study of different industries include: a) sections of the industry and its operation, b) legislative, c) characteristics and composition of raw materials, d) diagram and operations processes, e) product characteristics, f) process control parameters and product quality g) management and use of waste and by-products. The industries included in this material are the fruits and vegetables (fresh), canned juices and vegetable sector.

## Learning objectives

It is intended that the student will be able, in the context of different food industries studied in this field in:

- 1. Describe the food manufacturing processes.
- 2. Manage and know how to apply the various existing provisions affecting the food industries.
- 3. Outline, flowchart, process of preparing and preserving food.
- 4. Identify raw materials, ingredients, additives and other materials for use in the food industry.
- 5. Assess the influence of the composition and properties of the raw material quality.
- 6. Final product.
- 7. Interpret physical and chemical changes that occur within the various food manufacturing processes.
- 8. Changing processes based on objectives.
- 9. Organize production line manufacturing in food industry.
- 10. Associate composition and defects in the product with the raw materials and applied technology.
- 11. Select equipment for production lines and food packaging.
- 12. Sizing production lines and estimate the capabilities of processing equipment.
- 13. Having ability to develop new processes and food products.
- 14. Plan the management and use of products.

### Competences

### Basic skills

- CB1. That students demonstrate to have and understand knowledge in an area of study that starts from the base of general secondary education, and is usually found at a level that, while supported by advanced textbooks, also includes some aspects that involve knowledge coming from the vanguard of his field of study.
- CB2. That students know how to apply their knowledge to their work or vocation in a professional way and have the skills that are usually demonstrated through the elaboration and defense of arguments and problem solving within their area of study.
- CB3. That students have the ability to gather and interpret relevant data (usually within their area of study) to make judgments that include reflection on relevant issues of a social, scientific, or ethical nature.
- CB4. That students can convey information, ideas, problems and solutions to both specialized and non-specialized audiences.
- CB5. That students have developed those learning skills necessary to undertake further studies with a high degree of autonomy.

### General skills

- CG1. Ability to prepare, design, draft and sign projects for the construction, refurbishment, repair, conservation, demolition, manufacture, installation, assembly or operation of movable or immovable property which by their nature and characteristics are included in the own technique of agricultural and livestock production (facilities or buildings, farms, infrastructures and rural roads), the agri-food industry (extractive, fermentative, dairy, canning, fruit and vegetable, meat, fishing, salting and, in general, any other dedicated industries to the elaboration and / or transformation, conservation, manipulation and distribution of food products) and gardening and landscaping (urban and / or rural green spaces, parks, gardens, nurseries, urban trees, etc., public or private sports facilities and environments subject to landscape recovery).
- CG6. Ability to direct and manage all kinds of agri-food industries, with knowledge of new technologies and quality processes.
- CG8. Ability to solve problems with creativity, initiative, methodology and critical reasoning.
- CG10. Ability to research and use the rules and regulations relating to its scope of action.
- CG12. Ability to work in multidisciplinary and multicultural teams.

### Transversal skills

- CT1. Correction in oral and written expression.
- CT4. Respect for the fundamental rights of equality between men and women, the promotion of human rights and the values of a culture of peace and democratic values
- CT5. Apply the gender perspective to the functions of the professional field

### Specific skills

CEIAA1. Ability to know, understand and use the principles of: Food engineering and technology. Basic food engineering and operations. Food technology. Processes in the agri-food industries. Modeling and optimization. Food quality and safety management. Food analysis. Traceability.

CEIAA2. Ability to know, understand and use the principles of: Engineering of the agri-food industries. Auxiliary equipment and machinery of the agri-food industry. Automation and process control. Engineering of works and facilities. Agro-industrial constructions. Waste management and use.

### Subject contents

**CEREAL TECHNOLOGY** 

### Item 1 Cereal storage

The grain and conditioning. Factors affecting grain quality. Treatments to stored grains. Grain drying and aeration.

### Item 2 Dry Milling: wheat flour

Definitions and specifications of the mill products. Dry milling process: fundamentals. Cleaning and conditioning of the wheat. Grinding and classification. Storage and flour treatment.

### Item 3 Corn Processing

Maize milling techniques: wet and dry roads. Products derived from the wet milling and dry. Milling process of corn wet. Cornstarch

applications. Dry milling process of corn.

### **Item 4 Rice Processing**

Products derived from processing rice. Process for obtaining white rice. Special Rice: parboiled and enriched.

### Item 5 Technology malting

Processing of barley: Reception and quality control raw material. Storage. Grain cleaning and sorting. Malting: steeping, germination and drying. Degerminated and final cleaning. Composition and quality of malt.. Schematic of a malting.

### Item 6 breadmaking process

Bread: definition and types. Diagram of the process. Mixing Operations: purpose, methods and equipment. Operations on mass: rest, division, and formed. Fermentation operation: principles, steps, factors and machinery. Controlled fermentation. Process and equipment. Cooking. Phenomena in the dough. Ovens. Conservation bread. Aging. Example baking industry.

### Item 7 Process of making pasta

Definition and types of pasta. Specifications of raw materials for the production of pasta. Pulping process: Mixing and kneading, extrusion and cutting, drying. Equipment: Mixers, Extruders, Dryers. Parameters of quality pasta. Example pasta processing plant.

### Item 8 Process of making cookies

Definition and types. Specifications flour cookie. Chemical agent. Process of making cookies: cookies, crackers and wafers. Example biscuit industry.

### Item 9 Process of making breakfast cereals

Definition and types. Process of making flakes and puffed cereals. Enrichment of cereal.

### Item 10 Beer

The brewing industry in Spain. Regulations of beer. Beer: definition and specifications. Permitted practices and prohibitions. Types of beer. Beer and health. General notions about the process of making beer.

### Item 11 Brewing: Commodities

Carbohydrates. Quality criteria of malting barley. Attachments: raw grains and sugary compounds. Water. Water use in the malting and brewing industries. Effect of some ions. Corrections water. Hops. Description hops. Industrial classification. Composition of hops. Quality assessment of hops. Storing hops. Commercial presentations.

### Item 12 Manufacture of beer wort

Introduction. The mashing. Crushing. Maceration. Filtering. Boil. Cooling. Composition and quality of the beer wort.

### Topic 13 The fermentation

Fermentation objective. Preparation of wort for fermentation: aeration and seeding of microorganisms. Transformations during fermentation. Control of fermentation. Models of high, low and fast fermentations. Equipment for fermentation. Yeast recovery.

### Item 14 Post-fermentation operations: the maturation of beer, final treatment and shipping.

Introduction. Second fermentation. Preventing turbidity. Cooling resistance. Artificial carbonation and standardization. Maturation of taste. Incorporation of additives. Models saved driving. Filtration: filter media in the brewing industry, filter selection for the beer industry. Pasteurization. Packaged.

### **OENOLOGY**

### Item 15 Wine

Definition of wine and other enological products according to the OIV. Wines. Wine composition. Nutritional quality of the wine. Outline the process of winemaking. Legal issues affecting winemaking.

### Item 16 Harvest, shipping and receiving.

The wine grape: varieties. The bunch of grapes: composition. Study ripening of the grapes. Assessment of the quality of the grapes. Harvest. Transport of grapes to the winery. Facilities at the front desk controls. Control of raw materials. Discharge systems.

### Topic 17 Technology juice extraction.

Introduction. Crushing and stemming. Pumping whole or crushed grape pulp. Maceration and drained. Pressing. Analysis of alternatives in the process of extraction of wort.

### Topic 18 Conditioning musts.

The sulfur in winemaking. State of sulfur in musts and wines. The sulphite. Legal aspects of the use of sulfur. Substitute or complementary products. Clarification of musts. Effects of racking. Aids for racking: clarifiers and enzymes. Settling techniques: static and dynamic.

### Topic 19 Technology fermentation of white wines.

Physical and chemical changes during fermentation. Importance of the fermentation temperature. Controlled fermentation. Interventions during fermentation. Facilities for controlled fermentation.

### Topic 20 Technology production of sparkling wine

Rules applicable to sparkling wines. Features of cuvées. Stages of development of natural sparkling: circulation, fermentation, disgorgement and shipping.

### Item 21 fermentation technology red

Fermentation and maceration contemporary: Physical and chemical modifications. Control of maceration. Descube. Exhaustion of skins. Carbonic maceration. Thermovinification. Facilities traditional maceration. Current trends in equipment for maceration. The malolactic fermentation changes. Ideal conditions for malolactic fermentation. Use of bacterial cultures.

### Topic 22 Maturation and aging of wines.

The role of oxygen in wine storage. Changes in aging. Aging in barrels. Bottle aging. Technical innovations and aging wine.

### Item 24 Clarification. Filtration and centrifugation.

Introduction. The colloids in wine. The actions of the fining agents: mechanism and effects on clarifying wines. Fining: Inorganic and protein complexes. The practice of clarification. The filter media in oenology. Filtration techniques in the wine industry. Filtration land and precast beds. Sterile filtration membranes. Tangential filtration. Selection filtering technique. Spin wine.

### Item 25 Stabilization

Stabilization:objective. Demetallating Treatments: Potassium ferrocyanide and phytates. Correction of acidity. Color Correction. Stabilization cooling: tartaric stabilization. Stabilization by heating: pasteurization. Adding stabilizer enological products with purpose.

### **OLIVE OIL**

Item 26 Olive oil

Composition of olive oil - Classification of virgin olive oils - Quality olive oils - Considerations on the physicochemical and organoleptic parameters - Preparation of the olive oil: flowcharts - Typical sections in a industry

### Topic 27 -. Preliminary operations.

The olive. Structure and composition -. Ripening fruit -. Variety -. Influence of climatic and agronomic factors. -. Collection and transportation of olives -. Reception of olives -. Cleaning and washing the olives -. Storing olives -. Controls -. Milling fruit. Types of mills -. Malaxation of the paste. Mixers -. Properties of paste -. Difficult paste. Addition of processing aids.

### Topic 28 - Extraction of oil. Traditional systems.

Fundamentals of partial extraction -. Characteristics of partial extraction equipment -. Factors influencing extraction -. Processing aids -. Handling partial extraction process -. Advantages and disadvantages of partial extraction system -. Pressing system. Fundamentals -. Hydraulic press description -. Operation pressing -. Factors influencing pressing -. Difficult Paste. Processing aids -. Advantages and disadvantages of the press -. Controls and regulation of the press system.

### Topic 29 - Extraction of oil. Continuous systems by centrifugation.

Theoretical Foundations of centrifugation -. Centrifugal description. Operation - Factors affecting the operation - Processing aids - Advantages and disadvantages of the centrifuge system - Controls and regulation centrifuge system - System 2-phase centrifugation. - Advantages and disadvantages of centrifugation 2 phase -. Controls and regulation of 2-phase system.

### Topic 30 -. Separation of liquid phases and final operations.

Separation of liquid phase by decantation. Factors -. Facilities decantation -. Separation of liquid phase by centrifugation. - Vertical Centrifuges -. Mixed system -. Conservation oil. Alterations -. Properties of stores and deposits -. Filtration of oils. Types of filters and application -. Packaging oils. Conditions and types of packaging -. Labelling.

### Topic 31 -. Disposal and utilization of by-products.

The byproducts of the manufacturing process of olive oil. Quantities and characteristics - The pomace. Exploitation -. 2-phase pomace. Exploitation -. The waste water. Environmental problems -. Disposal and utilization of waste water -. Wastes the process of making olive oil.

### **Practical activities**

### Practice 1: Brewing

The practice is the development of a beer, so that will be implemented knowledge related to various operations that are common with other processed products studied in this field:

- · Physical control of malta
- · Grinding grain
- Enzyme activity: modulation and control
- Fermentation. Seeding and control yeast fermentation
- Filtration

### Practice 2: Extraction of olive oil in pilot plant

The extraction of virgin olive oil is made by the centrifugation, assessing the influence of various factors: type of olives, addition of adjuvants and temperature. Qquality parameters in oils (degree of acidity, color, sensory attributes, ...) are valued.

# Methodology

Tipus d'activitat	Descripció	Activitat presencial alumne		Activitat no presencial alumne		Avaluació	Temps total/ECTS
		Objectius	Hores	Treball alumne	Hores	Hores	Hores
Lliçó magistral	Classe magistral (Aula. Grup gran)	Explicació dels principals conceptes	38	Estudi: Conèixer, comprendre i sintetitzar coneixements	59	6	103h/4.12
Problemes i casos	Classe participativa (Aula. Grup gran)	Aplicació dels conceptes teòrics impartits a les classes magistrals	6	Resoldre problemes i casos	12		18h/0.72
Visites a indústries	Visita a dues empreses	Conèixer in situ els processos	6		4		10h/0.4
Laboratori	Pràctiques de laboratori (grup gran)		10	Redactar memòria	15		40h/1.6
Totals			60		82	8	150h/6 ECTS

### Observations

25 hours of total activity per ECTS credit.

### **Evaluation**

Activity	Avaluació Procedure	Quantity	Weight rating
Master class	Written tests on the theory of the subject program. Short test at the end of each block.	2	<b>60</b> (30/30) 15
Test and cases	Evaluation of the reports delivered.		10

Laboratory and Pilot Plant	Evaluation of the reports delivered. Test about laboratory and pilot plant activities.	5	
Others	Assistance, participation in discussions and commitment to learning	5	
Total		100	

### **Observaciones**

Attendance at all problem and case sessions, visits and internships is mandatory.

There will be two written theory tests and a written test to assess practices, problems and cases. For the purposes of the final grade, to pass the subject it will be necessary to have obtained at least a 4 in each of the written tests. To pass the course it is necessary to obtain an overall grade equal to or higher than 5, considering all the activities evaluable with their weight.

# **Bibliography**

### Bibliografia bàsica

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