

# DEGREE CURRICULUM COMPUTATIONAL TOOLS FOR PROBLEM SOLVING

Coordination: MIRET BIOSCA, JOSE MARIA

Academic year 2016-17

# Subject's general information

Subject name	COMPUTATIONAL TOOLS FOR PROBLEM SOLVING						
Code	102042						
Semester	1st Q(SEMESTER) CONTINUED EVALUATION						
Туроlоду	Degree Course Typology Modality						
	Bachelor's Degree in Computer Engineering	4	COMPULSORY	Attendance- based			
ECTS credits	6						
Groups	1GG						
Theoretical credits	3						
Practical credits	3						
Coordination	MIRET BIOSCA, JOSE MARIA						
Department	MATEMATICA						
Teaching load distribution between lectures and independent student work	<ul><li>150 total hours of work</li><li>60 hours lecture attendance</li><li>90 hours student work</li></ul>						
Important information on data processing	Consult this link for more information.						
Language	English						
Distribution of credits	Josep M. Miret Biosca 3 Jordi Pujolàs Boix 3						
Office and hour of attention	Appointment by email.						

Teaching staff	E-mail addresses	Credits taught by teacher	Office and hour of attention
MIRET BIOSCA, JOSE MARIA	miret@matematica.udl.cat	2,1	
PUJOLAS BOIX, JORDI	jpujolas@matematica.udl.cat	3,6	Wednesdays 19:00 - 20:00 office 1.20 EPS Email confirmation.
VALERA MARTÍN, JAVIER	javier.valera@udl.cat	1,5	

#### Subject's extra information

Requirements: Algebra, Statistics and Optimization, Introduction to Programming 1.

#### Learning objectives

The learning outcomes that the student must achieve in this subject are:

- To solve systems of linear equations by different direct methods: Gauss, LU and QR.
- To determine the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of a square matrix.
- To solve systems of linear equations by iterative methods and to know their convergence conditions.
- To know and use the most common geometric transformations in the plane to move objects.
- To determine the interpolation polynomial of a set of points in the plane.
- To distribute shares of a key using Shamir's secret sharing scheme.
- To know and properly use factoring algorithms and primality tests.
- To encrypt, decrypt and digitally sign using RSA and ElGamal cryptosystems.
- To acquire computer skills to solve mathematical problems using SAGE software.

#### Competences

Specific competences of the degree.

- GII-C1. Capacity to have a deep knowledge of the basic principles and models for computation and to know how to apply them in order to interpret, select, value, model, and create new concepts, theories, uses and technological developments related with the informatics.
- GII-C3. Capacity to evaluate the computational complexity of a problem, to know the algorithmic strategies that can drive to its solving and recommend, develop and implement the one which guarantee the best performance in accordance with the requirements.

Cross-disciplinary competences of the degree.

• EPS6. Capacity to work in situations with a lack of information and/or under pressure.

Strategic competences of the UdL.

- CT2. Mastering a foreign language, especially English.
- CT3. Training Experience in the use of the new technologies and the information and communication technologies.

#### Subject contents

- 1. Systems of linear equations.
  - 1. Matrix formulation.
  - 2. Gauss' method.
  - 3. Factorization LU.
  - 4. Factorization QR.
  - 5. Norm of a matrix.
  - 6. Eigenvalues and eigenvectors of square matrices.
  - 7. Iterative methods.
  - 8. PageRank algorithm.
- 2. Geometric transformations of the plane.
  - 1. Basic transformations.
  - 2. Matrix epresentation and homogeneous coordinates.
  - 3. Inverse transformations.
- 3. Polynomial interpolation.
  - 1. The polynomial ring.
  - 2. The Euclidean algorithm for polynomials.
  - 3. Polynomial interpolation: Lagrange's method.
  - 4. Secret sharing schemes: Shamir's scheme.
- 4. Modular arithmetic.
  - 1. Remainder class rings.
  - 2. Finite fields.
  - 3. Primality tests.
  - 4. Factorization algorithms.
- 5. Introduction to Cryptography.
  - 1. Symmetric cryptosystems.
  - 2. Public key cryptosystems.
  - 3. The integer factorization problem.
  - 4. The RSA cryptosystem.
  - 5. The discrete logarithm problem.
  - 6. ElGamal's cryptosystem.
  - 7. Digital Signatures.
  - 8. Elliptic curve cryptography.

#### Methodology

Theoretical and practical contents are mixed to combine basic aspects with illustrative examples and problem solving. Practical lectures include sessions with the open symbolic package SAGE.

#### Development plan

Week	Description	Classroom Activity	Autonomous work
1	Introduction Systems of linear equations.	Introducting Lecture 1.1, 1.2: Gauss' method.	Study bibliography and plan.

2	Systems of linear equations.	1.3, 1.4: QR and LU decompositions.	Exercises and problem solving with SAGE
3	Systems of linear equations.	1.5,1.6, 1.7: Iterative methods.	Page Rank Algorithm implementation.
4	Geometric transformations of the plane.	2.1: Basic transformations.	Exercises and problem solving with SAGE
5	Geometric transformations of the plane.	2.2, 2.3: Matrix formulation and inverse transformations.	Geometric transformations in SAGE.
6	Polynomial interpolation.	3.1, 3.2: Polynomial rings. The Euclidean Algorithm for polynomials.	Exercises and problem solving with SAGE.
7	Polynomial interpolation.	3.3, 3.4: Interpolation. Lagrange interpolation. Shamir's secret sharing scheme.	Exercises and problem solving with SAGE. Shamir's scheme in SAGE.
8	Modular arithmetic	4.1, 4.2: Remainder class rings. Finite fields.	Exercises and problem solving with SAGE.
9		1st Partial Exam	Exam preparation.
10	Modular arithmetic	4.3, 4.4: Primality and factorization.	Exercises and problem solving with SAGE.
11	Introduction to Cryptography.	5.1,5.2: Basic notions.	Exercises and problem solving with SAGE.
12	Introduction to Cryptography.	5.3, 5.4: Factorization and RSA.	Exercises and problem solving with SAGE. RSA cryptosystem in SAGE.
13	Introduction to Cryptography.	5.5, 5.6: Discrete logs and El Gamal encryption.	El Gamal encryption in SAGE.
14	Introduction to Cryptography.	5.7: Digital Signatures.	Exercises and problem solving with SAGE.
15	Introduction to Cryptography.	5.8 Elliptic curve cryptography.	Exercises and problem solving with SAGE.
16		2nd Partial Exam	Exam preparation
17		2nd Partial Exam	Exam preparation
18			Short talks.
19		2nd chance Exam	Exam preparation

## Evaluation

Abbr.	Marking Activity	Ponderation	Minimum Mark	Group	Compulsory	Mendable
C1	SAGE Test	10%	NO	NO	YES	NO
P1	1st Partial Exam	40%	1.5	NO	YES	YES

C2	Oral presentation	10%	NO	YES (<=2)	YES	NO	
P2	2nd Partial Exam	40%	1.5	NO	YES	YES	
PCL	Classroom participation	0.5 points	NO	NO	NO	NO	
Both partial exams, the SAGE activity and the oral presentation are compulsory.							
Final Mark = 0.1*C1 + 0.4*P1 + 0.1*C2 + 0.4*P2 + 0.05*PCL							

The course is passed if the final mark is 5 or higher. The final mark is a weighted sum of both partial exams, the SAGE coding exercise and the short oral presentation plus a maximum 0.5 points due to classroom participation. Each partial exam is a written exam and has a weight of 40% in the final mark, with a minimum mark of 1.5 required. Both partial exams, the SAGE test and the short oral presentation are compulsory. One or both written partial exams are eligible for second chance examination. An extra 0.5 points is obtainable for class participation.

#### Bibliography

- H. Anton, Elementary Linear Algebra. Ed. John Wiley & Sons, 1994.
- A. Aubanell, A. Benseny, A. Delshams, Eines bàsiques de Càlcul Numèric, Ed. Manuals UAB, 1991.
- D.M. Bressoud, Factorization and Primality Testing. Ed. Springer, 1989.
- L. Childs, A Concrete Introduction to Higher Algebra. Ed. Springer, 1988.
- S. Lang, Algebra. Ed. Addison-Wesley, 1999.
- R. Lidl, H. Niederreiter, Finite Fields, Ed. Cambridge University Press, 2003.
- W. Stein, Elementary Number Theory: Primes, Congruences and Secrets. Ed. springer, 2009.
- J. Stoer, R. Bulirsch, Introduction to Numerical Analysis, Springer, 1993.