



Universitat de Lleida

# DEGREE CURRICULUM

# **ALGEBRA**

Coordination: VALLS MARSAL, MA MAGDALENA

Academic year 2023-24

**Subject's general information**

<b>Subject name</b>	ALGEBRA			
<b>Code</b>	102005			
<b>Semester</b>	1st Q(SEMESTER) CONTINUED EVALUATION			
<b>Typology</b>	<b>Degree</b>	<b>Course</b>	<b>Character</b>	<b>Modality</b>
	Bachelor's Degree in Computer Engineering	1	COMMON/CORE	Attendance-based
	Double bachelor's degree: Degree in Computer Engineering and Degree in Business Administration and Management	1	COMMON/CORE	Attendance-based
	Programa Acadèmic de Recorregut Successiu - Enginyeria Informàtica	1	COMMON/CORE	Attendance-based
<b>Course number of credits (ECTS)</b>	6			
<b>Type of activity, credits, and groups</b>	<b>Activity type</b>	PRAULA		TEORIA
	<b>Number of credits</b>	3		3
	<b>Number of groups</b>	2		2
<b>Coordination</b>	VALLS MARSAL, MA MAGDALENA			
<b>Department</b>	MATHEMATICS			
<b>Teaching load distribution between lectures and independent student work</b>	6 ECTS correspond to a workload of 60 h of lectures and assesment and 90 h autonomous study work for each student.			
<b>Important information on data processing</b>	Consult <a href="#">this link</a> for more information.			
<b>Language</b>	Catalan.			
<b>Distribution of credits</b>	Theoretical lectures are combined with problem solving sessions. Lectures will be organized for 2 groups (6ECTS, 4h/week each).			

Teaching staff	E-mail addresses	Credits taught by teacher	Office and hour of attention
MIRET BIOSCA, JOSE MARIA	josepmaria.miret@udl.cat	6	
VALLS MARSAL, MA MAGDALENA	magda.vallsmarsal@udl.cat	6	

## Subject's extra information

Previous knowledge/skills on basic mathematics (General Upper Secondary Education level) are recommended.

This subject is scheduled in the fall semester of the 1st year.

The knowledge and competencies acquired in this subjects will be useful to follow other subjects with contents related with logics, data structure, discrete mathematics and the subjects in the especialization on Computation.

## Learning objectives

- Appropriately use set operations, both to simplify expressions or to prove equalities.
- Recognize equivalence and order relations (total and partial).
- Obtain the quotient set and the equivalence classes.
- Determine the characteristic elements in an ordered set.
- Distinguish injective, exhaustive and bijective maps.
- Manipulate the composition of maps and inverse maps.
- Apply mathematical induction to show different mathematical statements.
- Recognize the algebraic structures of group, ring and field.
- Adequately use the elements in modular arithmetic.
- Solve diophantine equations and linear congruencies.
- Encrypt and decrypt with the RSA cryptosystem.

## Competences

### Specific competences

- GII-FB1 - Capacity to solve mathematical problems arisen in the engineering field. Aptitude to apply knowledge on: linear algebra; differential and integral calculus; numerical methods; algorithmic, numerical; statistics and optimisation.
- GII-FB3 - Capacity to understand and master the basic concepts of discrete mathematics, logical, algorithmic and computational complexity, and its application to solve engineering problems.

### Cross-disciplinary competences

- EPS1 - Capacity to solve problems and prepare and defence arguments inside the area of studies.
- EPS5 - Capacity of abstraction and of critical, logical and mathematical thinking.

### University strategic competences

- CT5 - Acquire knowledge in scientific thinking.

## Subject contents

### I. SET THEORY

#### 1. Sets.

- Sets and elements. Subsets.
- Set operations.
- Laws of the algebra of sets.
- Partition of a set.
- Cartesian product.

#### 2. Relations

- Relations in a set: definitions and examples.
- Equivalence relations. Equivalence classes and quotient set.
- Order relations. Characteristic elements.
- Hasse diagram to represent an ordered set.

#### 3. Maps.

- Map between sets: definitions and examples.
- Injective, surjective and bijective maps.
- Composition of maps.
- Inverse map.

#### 4. Induction and denumerability

- Mathematical induction.
- Infinite sets and denumerable sets.

### II. ALGEBRAIC STRUCTURES AND ARITHMETIC

#### 5. Algebraic structures.

- Algebraic composition laws. Properties.

- Group structure: definitions, properties, examples.
- Ring and field structures: definitions, properties, examples.

## 6. Modular arithmetic.

- Division of integers. Divisors and multiples.
- Greatest Common Divisor. Euclidean algorithm. Bézout's identity.
- Linear diophantine equations.
- Prime numbers. Fundamental theorem of arithmetic.
- Congruences. Linear congruences.
- Modular exponentiation. Fermat's and Euler's Theorems.
- Introduction to cryptography: RSA cryptosystem

## Methodology

Theoretical and practical contents are mixed for the sake of combining basic aspects with illustrative examples and problem solving.

Problem solving combines joint resolution on the blackboard or individual resolution. Some sessions will be devoted to group problem solving. Proposed problems are either solved and presented by students, or collected to be assessed.

The students will be provided beforehand with the collection of problems to be solved, as well as the exams of previous years, which will be solved in groups.

## Development plan

Week	Lesson	Activities	Student workload
1	Introduction. Lesson 1	Lectures	4 hours. Study and problem solving.
2	Lesson 1	Lectures and problem sessions	4 hours. Study and problem solving.
3	Lesson 1	Lectures and problem sessions	4 hours. Study and problem solving.
4	Lesson 2	Lectures and problem sessions	4 hours. Study and problem solving.
5	Lesson 2	Control 1	6 hours. Study for control.
6	Lesson 3	Conferences attendance	4 hours. Study and problem solving.
7	Lesson 3	Lectures and problem sessions	4 hours. Study and problem solving.
8	Tema 4	Lectures and problem sessions	6 hours. Study and problem solving.

Week	Lesson	Activities	Student workload
9		Partial 1 Assessment	8 hours. Study for exams
10	Lesson 4	Lectures and problem sessions	4 hours. Study and problem solving.
11	Lesson 5	Control 2	6 hours. Study for control.
12	Lesson 5	Complementary book reading	4 hours. Study and problem solving. Reading complementary book.
13	Lesson 6	Lectures and problem sessions	4 hours. Study and problem solving. Reading complementary book.
14	Lesson 6	Lectures and problem sessions	4 hours. Study and problem solving. Reading complementary book.
15	Lesson 6	Complementary reading assessment	8 hours. Study for exams.
16		Tutorization	8 hours. Study for exams.
17		Partial 2 Assessment	8 hours. Study for exams.
18		Tutorization	
19		Final assessment	

## Evaluation

Blocks	Acr.	Assessment activities	Weight	Minimum Mark	Resit
Block C1	C1	Control 1. Lesson 1.	1 point	No	No
Block P1	P1	Partial 1. Lessons 1, 2, 3.	4 points	1 point	Yes
Block C2	C2	Control 2. Lesson 4.	1 point	No	No
Block P2	P2	Partial 2. Lessons 4, 5, 6	4 points	1 point	Yes
Complementary Block	AC	Complementary activities : complementary reading or attending mathematic-related conferences or exhibitions	0.5 points	No	No
	PCL	Participation	0.5 points	No	No
<b>FinalMark = C1 + P1 + C2 + P2 + AC+ PCL</b>					

A student with final mark below 5 or who has not reached the minimum marks required, can resit either P1, P2 or both.

Students who have passed can also take the subject's additional tests to raise their grade. In this case, the grade that will be taken into account is the one obtained in this additional exam.

Students who have been authorized to follow the alternative assessment (see requirements and procedure in the assessment regulations), will follow the following assessment procedure:

- Student will be assessed for 100% of the grade in a single exam on the date set for the additional exams.
- This exam will consist of two parts P1 and P2 (with an assessment of 5 points each). In order to pass, you will have to obtain an overall mark of more than 5 and a minimum mark for each of the parts of 2.5 points.
- If the student does not pass this unique assessment or does not reach the minimum mark in one of the parts, he will have the right to recover 100% of the mark under the same terms, on a date to be agreed with the teaching staff.

In the assessment tests, the student must present an official document certifying his identity.

You can bring a calculator. If, due to the nature of the statement, it is advisable not to use it, it will be indicated before the exam begins.

Mobile phones, smart watches or other electronic devices that allow external connectivity may not be brought under any circumstances.

## Bibliography

### Books including problems

- Montse ALSINA; Claudi BUSQUÉ; Enric VENTURA, Problemes d'Àlgebra. Servei de Publicacions de l'U.A.B., 1990.
- Nina BIJEDIC; Joan GIMBERT; Josep M. MIRET; Magda VALLS. Elements of Discrete Mathematical Structures for ComputerScience. Univerzittska knjiga Mostar, 2007.
- Javier León CÁRDENAS. Álgebra. Serie Universitaria Patria. 2014.
- Emilio ESPADA. Problemas Resueltos de Álgebra (Vol I,II). EDUNSA, 1989.
- Joan GIMBERT; Xavier HERNÁNDEZ; Nacho LÓPEZ; Josep M. MIRET; Ramiro MORENO; Magda VALLS. Curs Pràctic d'Àlgebra per a Informàtics, Col.lecció Eines, núm. 48. Edicions de la Universitat de Lleida,2004. En format ebook a <https://www.publicacions.udl.cat/distribucio/>

### Theory books

- Howard ANTON. Introducción al Álgebra Lineal. Ed. Limusa, 3a. edició, 1990.
- Manel CASTELLET; Irene LLERENA. Álgebra Lineal i Geometria. Manuals de la Universitat Autònoma de Barcelona, 1979.
- Lindsay CHILDS. Concrete Introduction to Higher Algebra. Springer, 1a. edició, 1979.
- Ronald S. IRVING. Integers, Polynomials and Rings: a Course in Algebra. Springer. 2003.
- Gustavo LABBE MORALES. Curso Introductorio de Estructura Algebraicas. Ed. Patagonia. Universidad de La Serena. 2017.
- Serge LANG. Undergraduate algebra. Springer. 2010.
- Ramón RODRÍGUEZ VALLEJO. Conjuntos Numéricos, Estructuras Algebraicas y Fundamentos de Álgebra Lineal. Ed. Tébar. 2013.
- Kenneth ROSEN, Matemática Discreta y sus Aplicaciones. McGraw-Hill Interamericana, 5a. edició, 2006.
- Donald F. STANAT; David McALLISTER. Discrete Mathematics in Computer Science, Prentice-Hall, 1a. Edició.
- Wolfgang WILLEMS, Ismael GUTIÉRREZ GARCÍA. Una Introducción a la Criptografía de Clave Pública. Ed. Uninorte. 2010.

### Recommended reading

- Simon SINGH. Los Códigos Secretos. Ed. Debate, 2000.
- Joan GÓMEZ URGELLÉS. Matemáticos, Espías y Piratas Informáticos. Codificación y criptografía. National Geographic 2015.