



Universitat de Lleida

DEGREE CURRICULUM

# **LEARNING DIFFICULTIES AND DEVELOPMENT DISORDERS**

Coordination: SANSO GALIAY, CLARA MARIA

Academic year 2023-24

## Subject's general information

Subject name	LEARNING DIFFICULTIES AND DEVELOPMENT DISORDERS			
Code	100703			
Semester	2nd Q(SEMESTER) CONTINUED EVALUATION			
Typology	Degree	Course	Character	Modality
	Bachelor's Degree in Pre-School Education	2	COMMON/CORE	Attendance-based
Course number of credits (ECTS)	6			
Type of activity, credits, and groups	Activity type	PRAULA		TEORIA
	Number of credits	1.8		4.2
	Number of groups	3		2
Coordination	SANSO GALIAY, CLARA MARIA			
Department	PSYCHOLOGY, SOCIOLOGY AND SOCIAL WORK			
Important information on data processing	Consult <a href="#">this link</a> for more information.			
Language	catalan			
Distribution of credits	Gestions Creatives: Clara Sansó and Pepa Valls Tarda: Maria Teresa Mora and Joan Segura			

Teaching staff	E-mail addresses	Credits taught by teacher	Office and hour of attention
MORA VILARDOSA, MARIA TERESA	mariateresa.mora@udl.cat	4	
SANSO GALIAY, CLARA MARIA	clara.sanso@udl.cat	5,2	
SEGURA TORRES, JOAN	joan.segura@udl.cat	2	
VALLS GABERNET, MARIA JOSEP	pepa.valls@udl.cat	2,6	

## Learning objectives

- Know and know how to detect the educational needs of educational support at the stage of 0-6 years from a bio-psycho-social approach (Affective and emotional development disorders, ASD, communicative and language disorders, visual, auditory disability, motor and cognitive disorders, students with biological risk and socio-cultural environment, high capacities, among others).
- Learn resources to promote the educational inclusion of students with educational needs for educational support.
- Reach a level of knowledge and understanding of ideas related to education from an inclusive approach.
- Know and analyze the didactic-organizational strategies for the construction of the school for all people within the framework of the paradigm of inclusive education.
- Know how to establish interdisciplinary exchanges, networking and cooperative work relationships.

## Competences

### GENERAL SKILLS

- CG1 Correction in oral and written communication.
- CG3 Mastery of Information and Communication Technologies

### SPECIFIC SKILLS

- CE3 Design and regulate learning spaces in contexts of diversity that attend to the unique educational needs of students, gender equality, equity and Respect for human rights.

## Subject contents

### MANDATORY CONTENTS

#### BLOCK I

- Inclusive education, schools for everyone and attention to diversity.

- Didactic and methodological strategies of attention to diversity.

## BLOCK II

- Difficulties in the development of language, speech, rhythm and communication.
- Difficulties in the development of written and mathematician language.
- Emotional and behavioral disorders.
- Hearing impairment: evolutionary aspects and educational implications.
- Visual impairment: evolutionary aspects and educational implications.
- Motor disability: evolutionary aspects and educational implications.
- Intellectual disabilities: evolutionary aspects and educational implications.
- ADHD: evolutionary aspects and educational implications.
- ASD: evolutionary aspects and educational implications.
- High capacities: evolutionary aspects and educational implications.
- Socio cultural diversity: evolutionary aspects and educational implications (topic to be developed according to the working groups).
- Prenatal development, origin of some deficiencies and early attention (topic to be developed according to the working groups).

## Methodology

The blended teaching planning for the 2020/2021 academic year means that the methodology specified below is organized 50% face-to-face and 50% online (videoconferences, forums, etc.).

Main methodological indicators:

- Professor presentations.
- Students presentations.
- Study of practical cases.
- Video analysis.
- Debates and reflections in big and small groups.
- Readings and analysis of documents.
- Information search.
- Assignments elaboration and its synthesis.
- Individual and group tutorials.

## Development plan

### CREATIVE MANAGEMENT

WEEK	DESCRIPTION	OBJECTIVES	PROFESSOR'S ASSIGNMENTS	STUDENT'S ASSIGNMENTS
WEEK 5-6	COURSE PRESENTATION	Delimitation of the contents, objectives and evaluation criteria of the course. Activate previous knowledge.	Professor's presentation	Active listening and questions

WEEK 5-6 To 8-9	BLOCK I SEMINARS: INCLUSIVE EDUCATION	<p>Acquire resources to promote the educational integration of students with educational needs for educational support.</p> <p>Acquire a level of knowledge and understanding of ideas related to education understood from an inclusive approach.</p> <p>Know and analyze the didactic-organizational strategies for the construction of the school for all people within the framework of the paradigm of inclusive education.</p> <p>Work on the metacognition badge</p>	<p>Present</p> <p>Enable the debate</p> <p>Relate theory and practice</p> <p>Maintain a reflective and systematic questioning attitude</p>	<p>Search and analyze information</p> <p>Make logical arguments</p> <p>Relate theory and practice</p> <p>Maintain a reflective and systematic questioning attitude</p> <p>Practical cases resolution</p>
WEEK 9-10 to 15	BLOCK II SEMINARS: SPECIFIC NEEDS OF EDUCATIONAL SUPPORT	<p>Be able to detect specific educational support needs.</p> <p>Be able to inform other specialist professionals about the warning signs observed in a child from 0 to 6 years old.</p> <p>Identify the different learning difficulties, ASD, communication and language disorders, emotional, behavioral and attention problems, physical, sensory and mental disabilities and children at biopsychosocial risk.</p> <p>Know the developmental milestones of students from 0 to 6 years old with learning difficulties, communicative and language disorders, emotional, behavioral and attention problems, physical, sensory and mental disabilities and children in biopsychosocial risk.</p> <p>Acquire a global vision of the educational implications that affect these disorders and verify the importance of providing an adequate educational response to the specificity of each person.</p>	<p>Present</p> <p>Enable the debate</p> <p>Relate theory and practice</p> <p>Maintain a reflective and systematic questioning attitude</p>	<p>Search and analyze information</p> <p>Make logical arguments</p> <p>Relate theory and practice</p> <p>Maintain a reflective and systematic questioning attitude</p> <p>Practical cases resolution</p>

\* The program may be changed from one week to another according to the course's needs.

## PRESCHOOL EDUCATION (EVENING GROUP)

WEEK	DESCRIPTION	OBJECTIVES	PROFESSOR'S ASSIGNMENTS	STUDENT'S ASSIGNMENTS

WEEK 5-6	COURSE PRESENTATION	Delimitation of the contents, objectives and evaluation criteria of the course. Activate previous knowledge.	Professor's presentation	Active listening and questions
WEEK 5-6 To 8-9	BLOCK I SEMINARS: INCLUSIVE EDUCATION	<p>Acquire resources to promote the educational integration of students with educational needs for educational support.</p> <p>Acquire a level of knowledge and understanding of ideas related to education understood from an inclusive approach.</p> <p>Know and analyze the didactic-organizational strategies for the construction of the school for all people within the framework of the paradigm of inclusive education.</p> <p>Work on the metacognition badge</p>	<p>Present</p> <p>Enable the debate</p> <p>Relate theory and practice</p> <p>Maintain a reflective and systematic questioning attitude</p>	<p>Search and analyze information</p> <p>Make logical arguments</p> <p>Relate theory and practice</p> <p>Maintain a reflective and systematic questioning attitude</p> <p>Practical cases resolution</p>
WEEK 9-10 To 15	BLOCK II SEMINARS: SPECIFIC NEEDS OF EDUCATIONAL SUPPORT	<p>Be able to detect specific educational support needs.</p> <p>Be able to inform other specialist professionals about the warning signs observed in a child from 0 to 6 years old.</p> <p>Identify the different learning difficulties, ASD, communication and language disorders, emotional, behavioral and attention problems, physical, sensory and mental disabilities and children at biopsychosocial risk.</p> <p>Know the aspects of the development of students, from 0 to 6 years, with learning difficulties, communicative and language disorders, emotional, behavioral and attention problems, physical, sensory and mental disabilities and children in biopsychosocial risk.</p> <p>Acquire a global vision of the educational implications that affect these disorders and verify the importance of providing an adequate educational response to the specificity of each person.</p>	<p>Present</p> <p>Enable the debate</p> <p>Relate theory and practice</p> <p>Maintain a reflective and systematic questioning attitude</p>	<p>Search and analyze information</p> <p>Make logical arguments</p> <p>Relate theory and practice</p> <p>Maintain a reflective and systematic questioning attitude</p> <p>Practical cases resolution</p>

\* The program may be changed from one week to another according to the course's needs.

## Evaluation

### CREATIVE MANAGEMENT

Continuous assessment graded with the following blocks:

#### Block 1: Written work 30%

- Assessment activity: Metacognition badge (Individual activity)

#### Block 2: Written test 50%

- Assessment activity: written test type test + case study (Individual activity)

#### Block 3: Educational inclusion work syllabus HP 20%

- Assessment activity 1: Life history analysis (12%) (Group activity)
- Assessment activity 2: Feedback (4%) (Group activity)
- Assessment activity 3: Oral defense (4%) (Group activity)

#### Assessment block requirements:

- Block 1 is an essential requirement to pass the subject. It must be passed with a grade of 5 or higher. It can be fully recovered. The maximum recovery grade for this block is a 5.
- Block 2 is an essential requirement to pass the subject. It must be passed with a grade equal to or higher than 5. It can be recovered partially or fully (test-type questions or open-ended practical case questions). The maximum recovery grade for this block is 5. Test-type questions will subtract from the overall grade of block 2.
- If block 1 or block 2 is not passed with a grade equal to or higher than 5, even if the average with the other blocks gives a pass, the final mark of the report will be 4.9 (Suspended).
- Block 3: the work grade is summative and will be averaged with the rest of the evidence.
- In block 3 activities all members of the group will have the same grade except for that block activity in which the name of a group member does not appear. In the event that the name of a group member is not included in the delivery of any of the activities, it will be considered that he has not contributed/done the work and the grade will be a 0 for that specific activity in the block.
- In the case of having the written work suspended (History of Life-Activity 1-Block 3), it is mandatory that all members of the group who have to recover the work present themselves for recovery.
- The works will be passed through the plagiarism tool of the UdL. If a percentage equal to or greater than 20% is found, it will be understood that the work is plagiarized and the subject will be suspended.
- Any fraudulent use or use of artificial intelligence (AI) when carrying out the assessment activities will result in the suspension of the subject and the application of the UdL protocol.
- Linguistic and formal correction in written productions is an indispensable requirement (<http://www.fce.udl.cat/Recursos/guies/guiatreballs.pdf>). In the foundation of written works, it is essential to use academic sources, correctly cited in accordance with APA regulations. These expressive errors or incorrect presentation will affect the subject's grade.

#### Grading criteria for evaluation evidence

##### *Block 1: Individual work (Metacognition Badge)*

- The qualification criteria for this evidence are specified in the badge document.

##### *Block 2: Written test*

- Resolution of practical cases
- Identify theoretical content specific to the subject

##### *Block 3: HP educational inclusion works*

- Mandatory participation in group tutoring
- Quality of the work script

- Creativity of oral presentation and written work Inquire about a life story related to the topic of study specific to the subject, and previously determined by the teacher, towards the etiology, characteristics, definition, evolutionary traits, BAP and inclusive measures and supports.
- Establish bridges with Block 1 of the subject and other previous knowledge and experiences.

## **Provisional dates for written tests and other evidence**

*\*Consult the calendar of evidence and official exams of the FEPTS*

## **OTHER EVALUATION SITUATIONS**

### ***Assessment by students with NESE***

(Condition: referral from the UdLxTothom, certificate of disability or having a learning difficulty).

The teaching staff of the subject may modify the evaluation system and the performance of face-to-face and non-face-to-face activities, depending on the NESE of each student, always in agreement with the "Responsible for Inclusion in the Center" of the FEPTS or with the UdLxTothom" and according to the current assessment regulations.

### ***Assessment by students with accredited work and with the approval of FEPTS***

(Condition: approval by the relevant committee of the permit to make a single assessment).

The assessment consists of two blocks:

**Block 1:** Assessment activity - written work 30%

**Block 2:** Assessment activity - test-type exam and case study 70%

#### **Requirements:**

- To approve the subject, the grade must be 5 in both blocks separately

### ***Assessment by students from other courses who cannot attend class due to incompatibility with the degree's academic practices.***

(Condition: certification of being enrolled in the internship).

The students will have to carry out the same assessment activities as the rest. The only exception is attendance at practice sessions (yes, you must defend the written work and you must not do the rubric among peers).

During their stay, students will be monitored remotely regarding their learning process and the performance of the various assessment activities

## **AFTERNOON GRUP**

Continuous evaluation assessed with the following evidence:

**Block 1: 30%**

- Assessment activity 1: Individual production: 15%
- Assessment activity 2: Group production: 15%

**Block 2: 44%**



- Assessment activity written test (individual activity)

## Block 3: 26%

- Assessment activity GM written work (group activity)

### Assessment block requirements:

- Block 1 is an essential requirement to pass the subject. It must be passed with a grade of 5 or higher. It can be fully recovered. The maximum recovery grade for this block is a 5.
- Block 2 is an essential requirement to pass the subject. It must be passed with a grade equal to or higher than 5. It can be recovered partially or fully (test-type questions or open-ended practical case questions). The maximum recovery grade for this block is 5. Test-type questions will subtract from the overall grade of block 2.
- If block 1 or block 2 is not passed with a grade equal to or higher than 5, even if the average with the other blocks gives a pass, the final mark of the report will be 4.9 (Suspended).
- Block 3: the work grade is summative and will be averaged with the rest of the evidence.
- The works will be passed through the plagiarism tool of the UdL. If a percentage equal to or greater than 20% is found, it will be understood that the work is plagiarized and the subject will be suspended.
- In block 3 activities all group members will have the same mark.
- In the case of having the work suspended, it is mandatory that all members of the group who have to recover the work present themselves for the recovery. Presentation of the activities of the different blocks: Activities that are not delivered/carried out on time will not be graded and, consequently, you will not have the right to recovery in those evidences that can be recovered.
- Attendance: Attendance will be compulsory at 80%.
- Any fraudulent use or use of artificial intelligence (AI) when carrying out the assessment activities will result in the suspension of the subject and the application of the UdL protocol.
- Linguistic and formal correction in written productions is an indispensable requirement (<http://www.fce.udl.cat/Recursos/guies/guiatreballs.pdf>). In the foundation of written works, it is essential to use academic sources, correctly cited in accordance with APA regulations. These expressive errors or incorrect presentation will affect the subject's grade.

### Grading criteria for evaluation evidence

#### *Individual and group production Block 1*

- Creativity of the oral presentation (group work)
- Resolution of a practical case (student with NESE) towards the organization and methodology best suited to the specific situation.
- Relate the teaching function with internal and external professionals at the center.
- Establish bridges with Block 2 and 3 of the subject and other previous knowledge and experiences.
- Identify theoretical content specific to the subject

#### *Written test Block 2*

- Identify theoretical and practical content specific to the subject

#### *Written work Block 3*

- Mandatory participation in group tutoring
- Quality of the work script
- Creativity of oral presentation and written work Inquire about some topic of study specific to the subject, and previously determined by the teacher, towards etiology, characteristics, definition, evolutionary features, among other aspects of interest.
- Know how to detect the educational needs exposed in the anamnesis of the practical case and justify and argue them with a theoretical framework of reference.
- Establish bridges with Block 2 of the subject and other previous knowledge and experiences

## Provisional dates for written tests and other evidence

*\*Consult the calendar of evidence and official exams of the FEPTS*

## OTHER EVALUATION SITUATIONS

### ***Assessment by students with NESE***

(Condition: referral from the UdLxTothom, certificate of disability or having a learning difficulty).

The teaching staff of the subject may modify the evaluation system and the performance of face-to-face and non-face-to-face activities, depending on the NESE of each student, always in agreement with the "Responsible for Inclusion in the Center" of the FEPTS or with the UdLxTothom" and according to the current assessment regulations.

### ***Assessment by students with accredited work and with the approval of FEPTS***

(Condition: approval by the relevant committee of the permit to make a single assessment).

The assessment consists of two blocks:

**Block 1:** Assessment activity - written work 30%

**Block 2:** Assessment activity - test-type exam and case study 70%

#### **Requirements:**

- To approve the subject, the grade must be 5 in both blocks separately

### ***Assessment by students from other courses who cannot attend class due to incompatibility with the degree's academic practices.***

(Condition: certification of being enrolled in the internship).

The students will have to carry out the same assessment activities as the rest. The only exception is attendance at practice sessions (yes, you must defend the written work and you must not do the rubric among peers).

During their stay, students will be monitored remotely regarding their learning process and the performance of the various assessment activities

## Bibliography

Aguilera, A. (2004). *Introducción a las Dificultades del Aprendizaje*. Madrid. McGraw Hill.

[Batshaw](#), M., [Pellegrino](#), L. and [Roizen](#), N. (2007). *Children with Disabilities*. Baltimor: Paul H. Brookes Publishing Company.

Bautista, R. (2002). *Necesidades Educativas Especiales*. Málaga: Aljibe.

[Bisetto](#), D., [Latorre](#), Á. and [Teruel](#), J. (2011). *Trastornos de conducta: Estrategias de intervención y casos prácticos*. Valencia: Universitat de València

Bray, S. (2001). Components critics en el desenvolupament de l'educació inclusiva. *Suports*, 5 (1), 26-31.

Gimeno, J. (2005). Diversos però no desiguals. *Suports*, 9 (1), 23-32.

- Hulme, Ch. and Snowling, M.J. (2009). *Developmental Disorders of Language Learning and Cognition*. United Kingdom: Wiley-Blackwell
- Lerner, J. and Holden, J. B. (2009). *Learning Disabilities and Related Mild Disabilities: Characteristics, Teaching Strategies, and New Directions*: International edition: Belmont, CA.
- Marchesi, A., Coll, C. and Palacios, J. (2017). *Desarrollo psicológico y educación. Volumen 3. Trastornos del desarrollo y necesidades educativas especiales*. Madrid: Alianza Editorial.
- Mata, F.S. (2001). *Enciclopedia psicopedagógica de necesidades educativas especiales. Volumen I*. Madrid: Ediciones Aljibe.
- Odom, S., Horner, R. and Snell, M. (2007). *Handbook of Developmental Disabilities*. Guilford Press: New York.
- Rigo, E. (2003). Los peligros educativos y sociales de una falta de definición conceptual: las dificultades de aprendizaje. *Bordón*, 55 (1), 41-49.
- Santiuste, V. and González-Pérez, J. (2005). *Dificultades de Aprendizaje e intervención psicopedagógica*. Madrid: Editorial CCS.
- Vila, R. (2006). Com podem treballar millor amb TOT l'alumnat. *Suports*, 10 (1), 41-43.

## COMPLEMENTARY

- Acereda, A. (2010). *Niños superdotados*. Madrid: Piramide
- Ainscow, W. (1991). *Effective school for all*. London: David Fulton publishers.
- Ainscow, M. (1995) *Necesidades especiales en el aula. Guía para la formación del profesorado*. Madrid: Unesco-Narcea.
- Albertí, M. and Romero, L. (2010). *Alumnado con discapacidad visual*. Barcelona: Graó.
- Alegret, J., Castanys, E. and Sellarès, R. (2010). *Alumnado en situación de estrés emocional*. Barcelona: Graó.
- Arnaiz, P.; D Haro, R. (1997). *10 años de integración en España: análisis de la realidad y perspectivas de futuro*. Actas de la XXII Reunión Científica Anual de A.E.D.E.S. Murcia: Servicio de Publicaciones de la Universidad de Murcia.
- Bassedas, E. (2010). *Alumnado con discapacidad intelectual y retraso del desarrollo*. Barcelona: Graó.
- Bauermeister, J. (2014). *Hiperactivo, Impulsivo, Distráido ¿Me conoces?*. Nueva York: Guilford Publications, Inc.
- Bolívar, A. (1999): *Cómo mejorar los centros educativos*. Madrid: Síntesis.
- Brown, I. and Percy, M. A. (2010). *Comprehensive Guide to Intellectual and Developmental Disabilities*. Baltimor: Paul H. Brookes Publishing Company.
- Cardona, M. C., Gomar, C., Palmés, C. and Sadurní, N. (2010). *Alumnado con pérdida auditiva*. Barcelona: Graó.
- Caron, J. (1996). Una teoría ecológica para la intervención comunitaria. *Psychosocial Intervention – Intervención Psicosocial*, 5 (14), 53-68.
- Coelho, E., Oller, J. and Serra, J.M. (2013). *Lenguaje y aprendizaje en un aula multilingüe. Un enfoque práctico*. Barcelona: Horsori.
- Checa, F.J., Marcos, M., Martín, A., Núñez, M. A. and Vallés, A. (2000). *Aspectos evolutivos y educativos de la deficiencia visual. Volumen I*. Madrid: ONCE.

- Cochran, M. and Lytle, S. (2002) *Dentro- fuera. Enseñantes que investigan*. Madrid: Akal.
- Collins, A. (2006). Cognitive Apprenticeship. En R. Keith Sawyer (ed.), *The Cambridge handbook of the learning sciences* (pp. 47-60). Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- Coto, M. (2013). *Síndrome de Asperger: Guía práctica para la intervención en el ámbito escolar*. San Juan de Aznalfarache: Asociación sevillana de Asperger.
- Del Campo, M.E., Palomares, L. and Arias, T. (1997) *Casos prácticos de dificultades de aprendizaje y necesidades educativas especiales*. Madrid: Ramón Areces.
- Departament d'Educació (2009). *Serveis educatius*. [en línia] <http://www.xtec.cat/cse/see.htm> [Consulta: 02 de juliol de 2012].
- Departament d'Ensenyament (2013). *Les altes capacitats: detecció i actuació en l'àmbit educatiu*. Barcelona: Servei de Comunicació i Publicacions.
- Deusdad, B. (2009). *Immigrants a les escoles*. Barcelona: Pagès
- Domènech, J. (2010). *Elogi de l'educació lenta*. Barcelona: Graó.
- Frigerio, G. (2004). La complejidad de educar. *Novedades Educativas*, 168, 4-7.
- Gallardo, M.V. and Salvador, M.L. (1994). *Discapacidad Motora. Aspectos Psicoevolutivos y Educativos*. Málaga: Aljibe.
- García, J.N. (1999). *Intervención Psicopedagógica en los trastornos del Desarrollo*. Madrid: Pirámide.
- Giné, C. (2001). *Intervención psicopedagógica en los trastornos del desarrollo*. Barcelona: Ediuoc.
- Giné, C. (2003). *Trastorns del desenvolupament i necessitats educatives especials*. Barcelona: UOC.
- Gispert, D. and Ribas, L. (2010). *Alumnado con dificultades en el aprendizaje de la lectura*. Barcelona: Graó.
- Gómez, M., Mir, V. (2011) *Altas capacidades en niños y niñas. Detección, identificación e integración en la escuela y en la familia*. Madrid: Narcea.
- Hall, L. (2009). *Autism spectrum disorders: from theory to practice*. San Diego: Pearson.
- Hargreaves, A. (2003). *Replantear el cambio educativo. Un enfoque renovador*. Buenos Aires: AMORRORTU.
- Haramboure, M. E. (2005). La complejidad de la pretendida integración. *Novedades Educativas*, 179, 19-21.
- Hortal, C., Bravo, A., Mitjà, C. and Soler, J.M. (2010). *Alumnado con trastornos del espectro autista*. Barcelona: Graó.
- Juárez, A. and Monfort, M. (2001). Estimulación del lenguaje oral. Un modelo interactivo para niños con dificultades educativas especiales. Madrid: Entha Ediciones.
- López, F. (2009). Alumnos y alumnas con espectro autista: concepto, características e intervención. Revista digital: Innovación y experiencias educativas.
- López, M. ; Pérez, A. and Santos, M.A. (2003). *Conversando con Maturana de Educación*. Màlaga: Aljibe.
- Lou, M.A. y López, N. (1999). *Bases psicopedagógicas de la educación especial*. Madrid: Pirámide.
- Martínez, M. and Guirado, À. (2010). *Alumnado con altas capacidades*. Barcelona: Graó.
- Martínez, M.A. et al. (2013). Todo sobre el TDAH. Guía para la vida diaria, Avances y mejoras como labor de equipo. Tarragona: Altaria.
- Ministerio de Educación. Gobierno de España (2013). *Definicions científiques, altes capacitats*. Madrid:

Consell Superior d'experts en altes capacitats.

Molina, S. (1994) *Bases psicopedagógicas de la educación especial*. Alcoi: Marfil.

Mora, J. and Aguilera, A. (2001). *Dificultades en el aprendizaje del lenguaje, de las matemáticas y en la socialización*. Sevilla: Kronos.

Morin, E. (1990). *Introducción al Pensamiento Complejo*. Barcelona: Gedisa.

Morin, E. (1999). *La Cabeza Bien Puesta*. Buenos Aires: Nueva Visión.

Morin, E. (1999). *Los Siete Saberes Necesarios Para la Educación del Futuro*. Paris: UNESCO

Morin, E. (2003). Educar en la era planetaria. *Novedades Educativas*, 179, 19-21.

Orjales, I. (1998). *Déficit de Atención con Hiperactividad. Manual para padres y educadores*. Madrid. CEPE.

Osorio, L. (2005). La formación humana en la educación: un abordaje desde la complejidad. *Aula Abierta*, 142, 7-10.

Rodrigo, M. J. and Palacios, J. (1998.). *Familia y desarrollo humano*. Madrid: Alianza.

Rosell, C., Soro-Camats, E. and Basil, C. (2010). *Alumnado con discapacidad motriz*. Barcelona: Graó.

Samuell, C., Alsina, G. and Arroyo, M. (2010). *Alumnado con dificultades de regulación del comportamiento*. Barcelona: Graó.

Sans, A. (2009). *¿Por qué me cuesta tanto aprender? Trastornos del aprendizaje*. Barcelona: edebé.

Soutullo, E.C. (2008) *Convivir con Niños y Adolescentes con Trastorno por Déficit de Atención e Hiperactividad*. Madrid: Panamericana.

Stainback, S.B. and Stainback, W.C. (1992). *Curriculum considerations in inclusive classrooms: facilitating learning for all students*. Baltimore: Paul H. Brookes.

Stainback, S. (2001). Components crítics en el desenvolupament de l'educació inclusiva. *Suports*, 5 (2), 26-31

Taylor, V. (2001). Convivencia en la escuela asumiendo la complejidad. *Novedades Educativas*, 125, 22-23.

Vallés, A. (1998). *Dificultades de Aprendizaje e intervención psicopedagógica*. Valencia: Promolibro.

Verdugo, M. A. and Gutiérrez, B. (2009). *Discapacidad Intelectual: Adaptación social y problemas de comportamiento*. Madrid: Pirámide.

Villa, R. A. and Housand, J. S. (1995): *Creating an inclusive school*. Alexandria: ASCD.

Velilla, M. A. (2002): *Manual de Iniciación Pedagógica al Pensamiento Complejo*. Quito: Ediciones jurídicas Gustavo Ibáñez

Williams, J. (1990) *The special education hanbook. An introduction reference*. London: Bristol.