



GUIA DOCENT
PRODUCCIÓ PORCINA

Coordinació: BLANCO PENEDO, MARIA ISABEL

Any acadèmic 2023-24

Informació general de l'assignatura

Denominació	PRODUCCIÓ PORCINA			
Codi	102555			
Semestre d'impartició	2N Q(SEMESTRE) AVALUACIÓ CONTINUADA			
Caràcter	Grau/Màster	Curs	Caràcter	Modalitat
	Grau en Enginyeria Agrària i Alimentària	3	OBLIGATÒRIA	Presencial
Nombre de crèdits assignatura (ECTS)	6			
Tipus d'activitat, crèdits i grups	Tipus d'activitat	PRAULA	TEORIA	
	Nombre de crèdits	3	3	
	Nombre de grups	1	1	
Coordinació	BLANCO PENEDO, MARIA ISABEL			
Departament/s	CIÈNCIA ANIMAL			
Distribució càrrega docent entre la classe presencial i el treball autònom de l'estudiant	Horas presenciales: 60 Horas no presenciales: 90			
Informació important sobre tractament de dades	Consulteu aquest enllaç per a més informació.			
Idioma/es d'impartició	English: 100%			

Professor/a (s/es)	Adreça electrònica professor/a (s/es)	Crèdits impartits pel professorat	Horari de tutoria/lloc
ARGEMI ARMENGOL, IMMACULADA	immaculada.argemi@udl.cat	5	
BLANCO PENEDO, MARIA ISABEL	isabel.blancopenedo@udl.cat	1	
LOPEZ ROMERO, PEDRO	pedro.lopez@udl.cat	1,2	

Objectius acadèmics de l'assignatura

This course belongs to the third year of the Degree in Agriculture and Food Engineering. The student will carry out an integrated approach to earlier knowledge in animal science (2nd year course on introductory animal science) to swine farming.

Objectives and learning outcomes

- Understand the importance and characteristics of the different swine breeds and crossbreds.
- Apply the physiological and behavioral basis to handling of the animals in each production phase.
- Apply nutritional and housing requirements according to physiological phase and genetics.
- Analyze the feed formulation and design of nutritional strategies to improve carcass and meat quality.
- Design and planning of swine farms.
- Evaluate the environmental and welfare requirements of sows, boars, piglets and finishing pigs.
- Assess the technical, economic and social implications released by the different swine production systems.

Competències

At least the following core competencies shall be ensured:

CB1. That the students have demonstrated to possess and understand knowledge in an area of study that starts from the base of general secondary education, and is usually found at a level that, while it is supported by advanced textbooks, it also includes some aspects that involve knowledge from the forefront of your field of study.

CB2. That students know how to apply their knowledge to their work or vocation in a professional way and possess the competencies that are usually demonstrated through the elaboration and defense of arguments and the resolution of problems within their area of study.

CB3. That students have the ability to gather and interpret relevant data (usually within their area of study) to make judgments that include reflection on relevant issues of a social, scientific or ethical nature.

CB4. That students can transmit information, ideas, problems and solutions to both specialized and non-specialized audiences.

CB5. That students have developed those learning skills necessary to undertake further studies with a high degree of autonomy.

CG1. Capacity for the previous preparation, conception, drafting and signing of projects that have as their object the construction, reform, repair, conservation, demolition, manufacture, installation, assembly or exploitation of movable or immovable property that by its nature and characteristics are included in the technique of agricultural and livestock production (facilities or buildings, farms, infrastructures and rural roads), the agri-food industry (extractive, fermentation, dairy, canning, fruit and vegetable, meat, fishing, salting industries and, in general, any other dedicated to the elaboration and / or transformation, conservation, handling and distribution of food products) and gardening and landscaping (urban and / or rural green spaces –parks, gardens, nurseries, urban trees, etc.–, public sports facilities or private areas and environments subjected to landscape restoration).

CG6. Ability to direct and manage all kinds of agri-food industries, agricultural and livestock farms, urban and / or rural green spaces, and public sports areas or private, with knowledge of new technologies, quality, traceability and certification processes and marketing and commercialization techniques for food products and cultivated plants.

CG7. Knowledge in basic, scientific and technological subjects that allow continuous learning, as well as an ability to adapt to new situations or changing environments.

CG8. Ability to solve problems with creativity, initiative, methodology and critical reasoning.

CEEA1. Ability to know, understand and use the principles of: Animal production technologies. Animal anatomy. Animal physiology. Animal production, protection and husbandry systems. Animal production techniques. Genetics and animal breeding.

Continguts fonamentals de l'assignatura

Lectures (30 hours)

Lesson 1. Production context (2 h). Pig farming in the world, European Union, Spain and Catalonia. Swine breeds and husbandry systems. Types of swine production farms and enterprises. Selecting breeding stock and sires. Iberian production systems.

Lesson 2. Reproduction management (4 h). Swine handling. Breeding sow and boar management. Breeding systems. Farrowing management. Processing Procedures for neonatal piglets. Handling and management of swine. Castration methods. Welfare aspects

Lesson 3. Nutrition (4 h). Nutrient assessment. Precision livestock feeding systems. Nursery and Finishing feeding strategies. Pregnant and lactating sow feeding practices.

Lesson 4. Animal welfare and product quality (10 h). Transportation, loading, lairage and slaughter procedures to assure animal welfare. Management and behavior of pigs at the slaughterhouse. Stunning methods. Mobile abattoir concept. Killing-out proportion and carcass grading systems. Wholesale cuts. Factors affecting carcass and meat value and defects. Assessment of basic technological pork meat attributes.

Lesson 5. Swine housing requirements (6 h). Minimum standards for the protection of pigs (European Union Regulations). On-farm welfare protocols assessment. Swine production facilities. Environmental stressors. Managing manure from swine operations. Mortality management. Best available techniques reference document (BREF).

Lesson 6 Benchmarking (4 h). Technical performance herd data. Case studies in sow farms and finishing farms. Cost of production assessment.

Practice activity (30 hours)

- Swine production in South-America (2 hours).
- Case scenario from a farm stud. Semen evaluation and breeding dose elaboration (2 hours).
- Least cost feed formulation by linear programming through Solver. Case scenarios in sows and growing pigs (4 hours).
- Societal issues regarding welfare of pigs (2 hours).
- On-farm factors affecting dry-cured ham production (2 hours).
- Field trips to analyze sow and growing-finishing pig farms and welfare (10 hours).
- Design of swine farms. Batch constraints and accommodation requirements (4 hours).
- Environmental compliance. Case study from farm visits (2 hours).
- Calculation and analysis of technical performance data (2 hours).

Eixos metodològics de l'assignatura

Learning activities

Type	Description	Attending time	Homework time	Total	
		Hours	Hours	Hours	ECTS
Lecture	Flipped classroom, case study	30	50	80	3,0
Practice assignments	Seminar, computer tools, problem-based learning, oral discussion	30	40	70	3,0
TOTAL		60	90	150	6

Each ECTS credit equals to 25 hours.

Sistema d'avaluació

Type of activity

	%	
exam 1 (minimum mark: 3.5 out of 5) (including on-farm industry tours questions)	30	60% score
exam 2 (minimum mark: 3.5 out of 5) (including on-farm industry tours questions)	30	
flipped classroom questionnaires	10	
case study group work report	20	40% score
case study group work presentation	10	

Observations

The evaluation will be passed when the overall mark of the exams is over 5/10 (with a minimum mark of 3.5 in a given activity). The course will be taught and assessed in English. If the students follow the continuous evaluation system, there won't be a second-chance examination.

The evaluation will be passed when the overall mark of the exams is over 5/10 (with a minimum mark of 3.5 in a given activity). The course will be taught and assessed in English. If the students follow the continuous evaluation system, there won't be a second-chance examination

Bibliografia i recursos d'informació

Coursebook

www.marvin.udl.cat/produccioporcina

McGlone, J., Pond, W., 2003. Pig Production. Biological principles and applications. Ed. Thomson, USA.

Basic references

Babot, D. (Ed.), 2001. Gestión en empresas de producción porcina. Ed. Universidad de Lleida, Spain.

Babot, D. (Ed.), 2008. La gestión técnica de las explotaciones porcinas en Spain. Ed. Ministerio de Medio Ambiente, Rural y Marino, Spain.

Buxadé, C., Daza, A. (Eds.), 2001. Porcino Ibérico: Aspectos Claves. Ed. Mundi-Prensa, Spain.

Buxadé, C., Marco, E., López, D., 2007. La cerda reproductora: Claves de su optimización productiva. Ed. Euroganadería, Spain.

Buxadé, C., Sánchez, R., 2008. El verraco: Claves de su optimización productiva. Ed. Euroganadería, Spain.

Close, W.H., Cole, D.J.A., 2001. Nutrition of sows and boars. Ed. Nottingham University Press, United Kingdom.

Forcada, F., Babot, D., Vidal, A., Buxadé, C., 2009. Ganado porcino: diseño de alojamientos e instalaciones. Ed. Servet, Spain.

Gadd, J., 2005. Guía John Gadd de soluciones en Producción Porcina. Ed. Servet, Spain.

Gadd, J., 2007. Producción porcina. Lo que los libros de texto no cuentan. Ed. Servet, Spain.

Gordon, I., 1997. Controlled reproduction in pigs. Ed. CAB International, United Kingdom.

Hulsen, J., Scheepens, K., 2013. Pig signals. Ed. Roodbont Publishers, The Netherlands.

IFIP, 2013. Mémento de l'éleveur de porc (7^{ème} édition). IFIP-Institut du porc, France.

Lewis, A.J., Southern, L.L., 2001. Swine nutrition. Ed. CRC Press, Estados Unidos.

Lyons, T.P., Cole, D.J.A., 2001. Concepts in pig science. Ed. Nottingham University Press, United Kingdom.

Pluske, J.R., Le Dividich, J., Verstegen, M.W.A., 2007. El destete en el ganado porcino. Conceptos y aplicaciones. Ed. Servet, Spain.

Rodríguez-Estévez, V., 2010. El anestro y la infertilidad estacional en la cerda. Ed. Servet, Zaragoza, Spain.

Wiseman, J., Garnsworthy, P.C., 2001. Recent developments in pig nutrition 3. Ed. Nottingham University Press, United Kingdom.

Wiseman, J., Varley, M.A., Chadwick, J.P., 1998. Progress in pig science. Ed. Nottingham University Press, United Kingdom.

Complementary references

- Badouard, B., Daridan, D., Marroco, P., 1999. Organisation et développement de la production porcine en Espagne. Ed. Institute Technique du Porc, France.
- Blair, R., 2007. Nutrition and feeding of organic pigs. Ed. CABI, CAB International, United Kingdom.
- Buxadé, C., 1996. Porcinocultura intensiva y extensiva. Ed. Mundi-Prensa, Spain.
- Font, J., Bernaus, J. Costes en producción porcina. Porcipress Monografías prácticas. Ed. Edivet, S.L, Spain.
- Forero, J. (Ed.), 2008. El cerdo ibérico: Una revision transversal. Ed. Junta de Andalucía, Spain.
- GENCAT, 2010. Guía de prácticas correctas de higiene para las explotaciones de ganado porcino. Generalitat de Catalunya, Spain.
- Hoechst Roussel Vet, 1996. Manejo en bandas. Técnica de gestión de las explotaciones porcinas y de optimización de la productividad. Hoechst Roussel Vet, France.
- Huss, P.E., Priest, J.B. (Eds.), 2000. Swine Housing. Proceedings of the 1st International Conference, October 9-11, Des Moines, Iowa. Ed. American Society of Agricultural Engineers, Estados Unidos.
- Jacobson, L. (Ed.), 2003. Swine Housing II. Proceedings of the 2nd International Conference, October 12-15, Des Moines, Iowa. Ed. American Society of Agricultural Engineers, Estados Unidos.
- Kyriazakis, I. (Ed.), 1999. A quantitative biology of the pig. Ed. CAB International, United Kingdom.
- Moyano, F.J., Díaz, M., Martínez, T., 2002. Gestión Técnica y Económica en Explotaciones Ganaderas. Ed. Universidad de Almería, Spain.
- Muñoz, A. (Ed.), 2006. Producir carne de cerdo en el Siglo XXI, generando un Nuevo orden zootécnico. Ed. Acalanthis, Spain.
- Piva, A., Bach-Knudsen, K.E., Lindberg, J.E. (Eds.), 2001. Gut environment of pigs. Ed. Nottingham University Press, United Kingdom.
- Quiles, A., Hevia, M.L., 2004. Producción porcina intensiva. Ed. Agrícola Española, Spain.
- Sañudo, C., 2008. Manual de diferenciación racial. Ed. Servet, Spain.
- Taylor-Pickard, J.A., Nollet, L. (Eds), 2006. Nutritional approaches to arresting the decline in fertility of pigs and poultry. Ed. Wageningen Academic Publishers, The Netherlands.
- Taylor-Pickard, J.A., Spring, P.. (Eds), 2008. Gut efficiency; the key ingredient in pig and poultry production. Elevating animal performance and health. Ed. Wageningen Academic Publishers, The Netherlands.
- Varley, M.A., 1995. The neonatal pig. Development and survival. Ed. CAB International, United Kingdom.
- Varley, M.A., Wiseman, J., 2001. The weaner pig: Nutrition and Management. Ed. CAB International, United Kingdom.
- Velarde, A., Geers, R. (Eds.), 2007. On farm monitoring of pig welfare. Ed. Wageningen Academic Publishers, The Netherlands.

Printed news magazines regarding swine production:

- Albéitar, Ed. Asisvet, Spain.
- ANAPORC, Ed. Asociación Nacional de Porcinocultura Científica, Spain
- Avances en tecnología porcina, Ed. Prodiva S.A., Spain
- Ganadería, Ed. Agrícola, Spain
- Mundo Ganadero, Ed. Eumedica, Spain
- Suis, Ed. Servet, Spain
- Pig Progress, Ed. Reed Business Information, The Netherlands